FDA Adds Two New Substances to its Inventory of Effective FCS Notifications

October 8, 2015

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recently added two new substances to its Inventory of Effective Food Contact Substances (FCS) Notifications (http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/?set=FCN). The newly listed substances and the manufacturers are listed below.

1558	An aqueous mixture of hydrogen	Mantrose-	Aug
(http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/?	peroxide (HP; CAS Reg. No. 7722-	Haeuser	26,
set=fcn&id=1558)	84-1), percitric acid (CAS Reg. No.	Co., Inc.	2015
	127542-88-5), perlactic acid (CAS		
	Reg. No. 75033-25-9), citric acid		
	(CAS Reg. No. 77-92-9), and lactic		
	acid (CAS Reg. No. 79-33-4),		
	manufactured and characterized as		
	further described in the notification.		
1557	Octodo out 2 E di tort butul 4	DACE	Δα
			Aug
(http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/?	hydroxyhydrocinnamate (CAS Reg.	Schweiz	26,
set=fcn&id=1557)	No. 2082-79-3). REPLACES FCN	AG	2015
	1206		

The Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act of 1997 amended the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to provide for the submission of food-contact notifications (FCNs). Under the FCN system, a manufacturer or supplier of a food-contact material may submit an FCN to FDA regarding the identity and use of a new food-contact substance (FCS), along with information supporting the conclusion that the substance is safe for the intended use.

If FDA does not object in writing within 120 days to the substance's use based on safety grounds, the submitter and its customers may market the substance. Once the notification becomes effective, FDA will add it to its Inventory of Effective FCS Notifications. For more background on submission of FCNs, please see the PackagingLaw.com article, "What is the Best Approach to Obtaining FDA Clearance for Food Contact Substances? (http://www.packaginglaw.com/2601_.shtml)"