



Sales Management Workshop

Sandy Vaci – Bay Devonshire Ltd.

Global SME Finance Forum

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Permission:

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AGENDA

- A. Components of "Sales Capability"
- B. Reasons for a new approach
 - » Sales Diagnostics
- c. Basic Sales Models
 - » Choose the right one
- D. Activity planning for a "Sales Machine"
 - » Build a Sales Machine
- E. What we left out...
- F. Recap
 - » Your next steps
- G. Q&A



Personal Introduction



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- **36** years, **4** continents, **57** countries
- 43 years, 26 moves, 1 spouse

































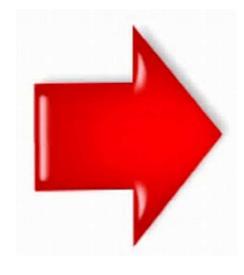




Today's Challenges

From...

- 1. Individual knowledge
- 2. Know-How
- 3. Sales in silo
- 4. "Random best"
- 5. Sales as ART



To...

Institutional knowledge

Do-How

Sales in context

"Planned best"

Sales as SCIENCE!

Components of "SALES"

- 1. Organization
- 2. Management
- 3. Processes
- 4. Skills
- 5. Channels
- 6. Support/CRM



Sales Organization

- ☐ The right set up for our target segments and their needs
- □ Alignment with the Company's overall structure (e.g. where does the Call Centre belong Sales, Operations?)
- ☐ Key positions filled (e.g. Sales Director, Head of Channels, CRM, etc.)
- □ Adequate support functions and staff (e.g. support team created for internet or Intermediaries if used)



Sales Management

- ☐ Planning, objective setting
- Coordinating with Marketing and other areas as needed
- Load management, capacity planning
- Coaching and people development / management, training
- Activity planning and monitoring
- □ Tracking results
- Rewarding performance



Sales Processes

- ☐ By product, by channel, by target segment
- □ Integrated across above elements and across functions
- Documented, known, followed
- Broken down into
 - acquisition (customer and product)
 - activation (if product is of transactional nature)
 - usage build (if applicable, e.g. cell phones)
 - balance build or usage shift (e.g. credit lines, long distance calls)
 - cross sell (products, services, channels)
 - retention (active and reactive)
 - loyalty management (building with profitable customers, managing customers out properly if needed - e.g. high credit risk)



Sales Skills

- ☐ Business development, planning, segmentation
- Own activity and own process planning
- ☐ Engagement, needs exploration, sales, objection handling, closing, follow up
- ☐ Product, regulatory, competitive, market knowledge
- Referrals in / out
- Well practiced techniques that work





Sales Channels

- ☐ Sales vs. Service vs. Operational
- Own vs. Contracted vs. Alliance
- ☐ Physical vs. Electronic
- ☐ Direct vs. Indirect
- □ Agents vs. Brokers
- Branches vs. Francises



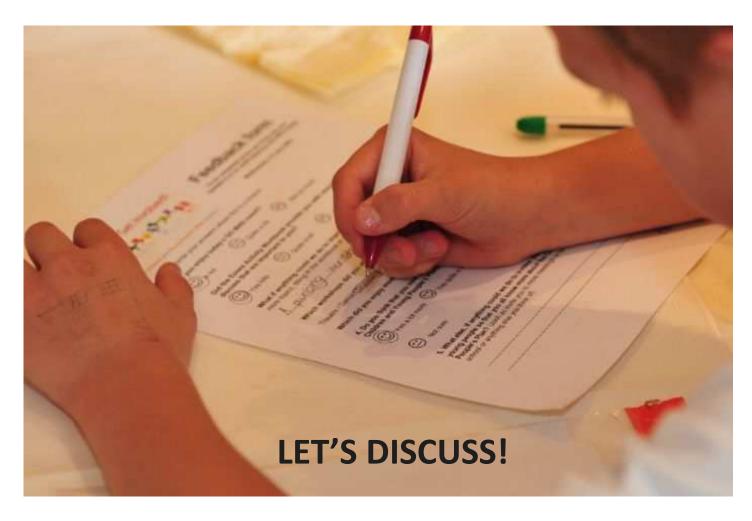
Support / CRM

- □ "Sales support on steroids" → CRM
- □ All processes linked, aligned, optimized
- □ Seamless prospect / customer journey
- Institutional memory
- ☐ Full, consistent customer view at all points
- ☐ Automated, self-improving actions plans



Where to Focus?

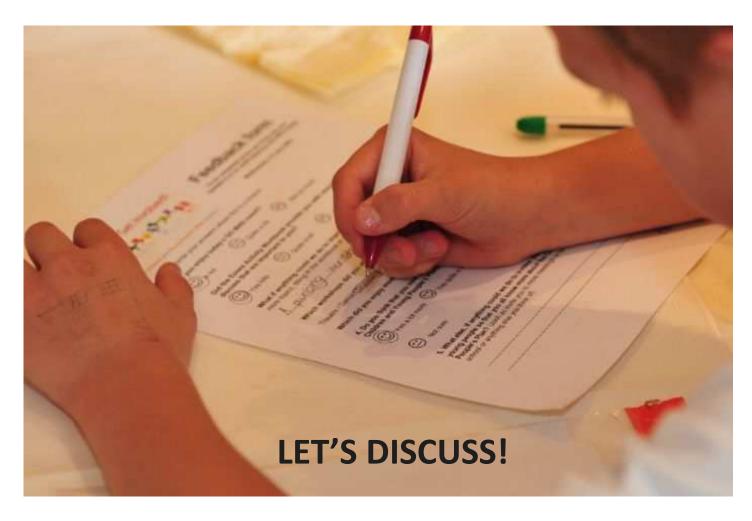
• Fill out your Self Diagnostic Questionnaire!



AREA	% Agree	Gap (vs.100%)
ORGANIZATION		
- Front line people spend at least 50% of their time selling		
- Written, standard job descriptions exist for all (sales) positions		
- We have the Sales Director and direct report positions filled		
- We have recruitment, on-boarding and development HR plans		
TOTAL gap in ORGANIZATION area		
MANAGEMENT		
- We have a variable compensation system, linked to results		
- Sales Activities and Sales Capacity are planned and tracked		
- Sales people are told which target segment(s) to focus on		
- We have a local marketing plan to support local sales activities		
TOTAL gap in MANAGEMENT area		
PROCESSES		
- We have written acquisition, cross-sell and retention processes		
- Our sales people know them and follow them		
- Sales/credit/ops/marketing processes are linked and aligned		
- We catch leads at all contact points and follow all of them up		
TOTAL gap in PROCESSES area		
SKILLS		
- Sales staff know how our offers are better than competition's		
- Customers are always suggested the best solution for them		
- Sales staff know how to handle objections		
- They would try to retain my profitable business if I wanted to leave		
TOTAL gap in SKILLS area		

Where to Focus?

• Fill out your Self Diagnostic Questionnaire!



What **Is** Our Sales Model?

- Best sales model depends on target segment(s), market, company
 - 1. First Come, First Serve
 - 2. Hunter / Farmer
 - 3. Finder Keeper
 - 4. One Size Fits All
 - 5. Push Pull
 - 6. Permission Based Process



Indicate Your Current SME Sales Model

Our Sales Model for SME Sales is:	Current % Mix	TBD % Mix
First come, first serve		
Hunter / farmer		
Finder keeper		
One size fits all		
Push - pull		
Permission based process		

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- Walk in, reactive sales
- Retail individual focus
- Strong marketing push
- Large, well established bank
- Strong brand value
- Full geographic coverage
- Multi-channel set up
- Not for new players
- Not for SME segments

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- SME focus, efficient method
- Quick share build via acquisitions
- Extreme form: Sales Agents
- Proactive sales focus (not mktg)
- Opportunity for new players
- Client service issues?
- Relationship well exploited
- Referrals harder to get

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- SME focus, most used method
- Higher quality, better credit risk
- Lower acquisition efficiency
- Better client experience?
- Possible Sales overload
- Need more lead generation support

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- Common RM for SME and Indiv. or Corp. clients
- Good cross sell opportunity
- Need dual training and lot of practice – time, cost?
- Product, pricing, etc. alignment!
- Organizational alignment issues
- Open to competitive poaching both client and RM
- May not be practical option

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- Corporate or Trade channel focus
- Key Acct Mgr. creates pull at high level and owns relationship
- Sales people service local needs and create efficiency
- Good model for mixed situations
 e.g. cover both SME & Corp.
- BSC and coordination across sales levels is a must

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- High end, corporate sales focus
- Objective at each step is to get to next level, until Decision Maker
- Complex process, with sideactivities (e.g. building support)
- No payback with SMEs too long, too expensive, too complex

What **Should Be** Our Sales Model?

- Best sales model depends on target segment(s), market, company
 - 1. First Come, First Serve
 - 2. Hunter / Farmer
 - 3. Finder Keeper
 - 4. One Size Fits All
 - 5. Push Pull
 - 6. Permission Based Process



LET'S DISCUSS!

Choose Your Ideal SME Sales Model

Our Sales Model for SME Sales is:	Current % Mix	TBD % Mix
First come, first serve		
Hunter / farmer		
Finder keeper		
One size fits all		
Push - pull		
Permission based process		

Why Build A Sales Machine?



- 1. Guaranteed results
- 2. Control, predictability
- 3. Sustainable, organizational value
- 4. Simplicity, efficiency
- 5. Employee and customer satisfaction

How To Build A Sales Machine?

Profit (revenue, etc.) objectives: "staying close to the business" or MISTAKE?

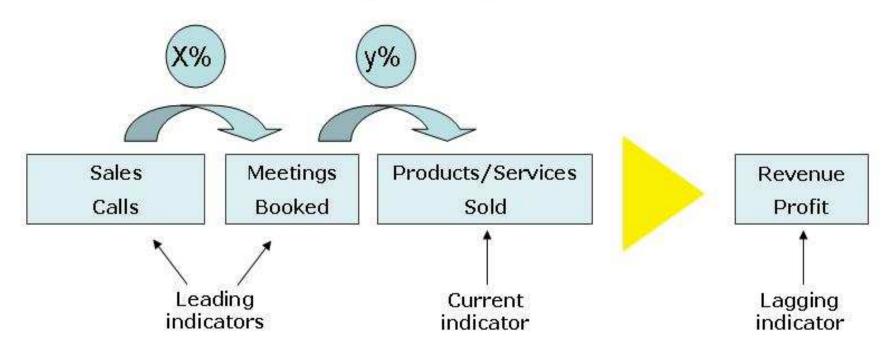
PROFIT Objectives

- Demotivates good performers can't control profit
- Excuses bad performers "can't deliver anyway"
- Drives wrong behaviour where is "customer need"?
- Lagging indicator too late to re-plan as needed
- Wastes Management time staying "close to the business" daily...



"When all you have is a hammer, every problem looks like a nail."

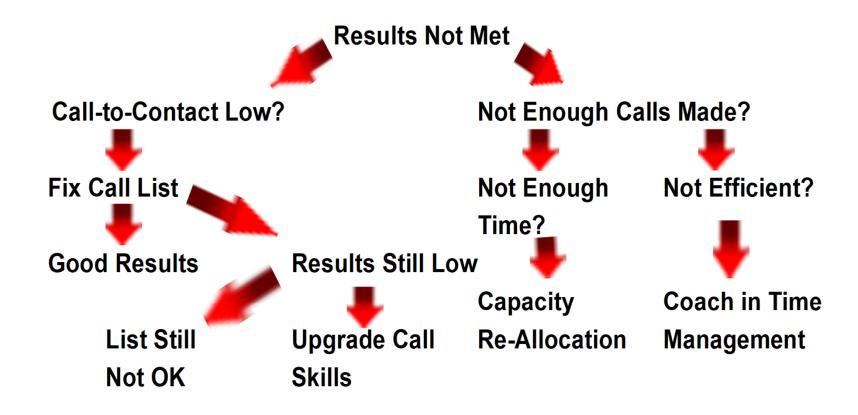
Planning Your Way to Success



Key Steps:

- 1.) Define destination.
- 2.) Work back to plan steps leading to goal.
- 3.) Track both activities and conversion efficiencies daily.
- Intervene as needed (more time for calls, coaching for higher conversion rates etc.).
- 5.) Enjoy the INEVITABLE success!

Sample Decision Tree for Intervention, Tracking Leading Indicators and Conversion Efficiencies (First Few Steps Only)



Conversion Efficiency Benchmarks

(in %'s)

	MAX	MID	MIN
Call-to-Contact	85	50	25
Contact-to-Meeting	70	30	<u>1</u> 5
Meeting-to-Sales	- 85	- 60	- 35

Notes:

- 1. "Call-to-Contact" results depend on quality of call list right phone numbers, etc.
- 2. "Contact-to-Meeting" depends on whether follow-up, warm, or cold call; strength of offer, etc.
- 3. "Meeting-to-Sales" depends on strength of sales pitch, product offer, sales person's ability

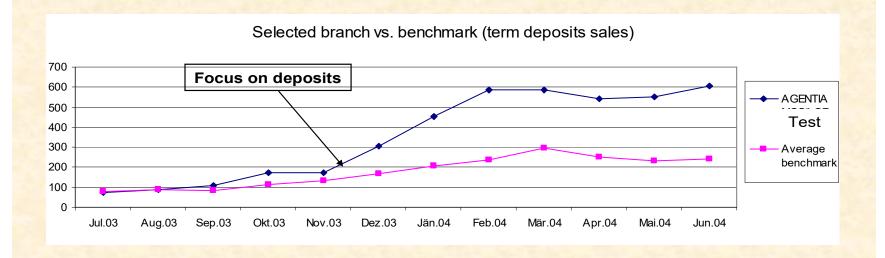
Sales Machine – Case Study



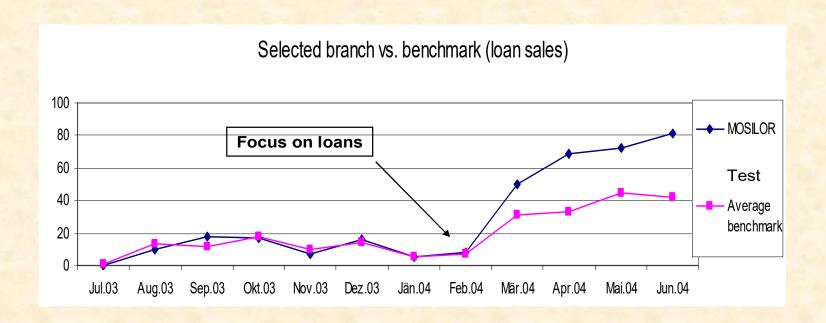
Business Impact

Case Study – Term Deposit Results

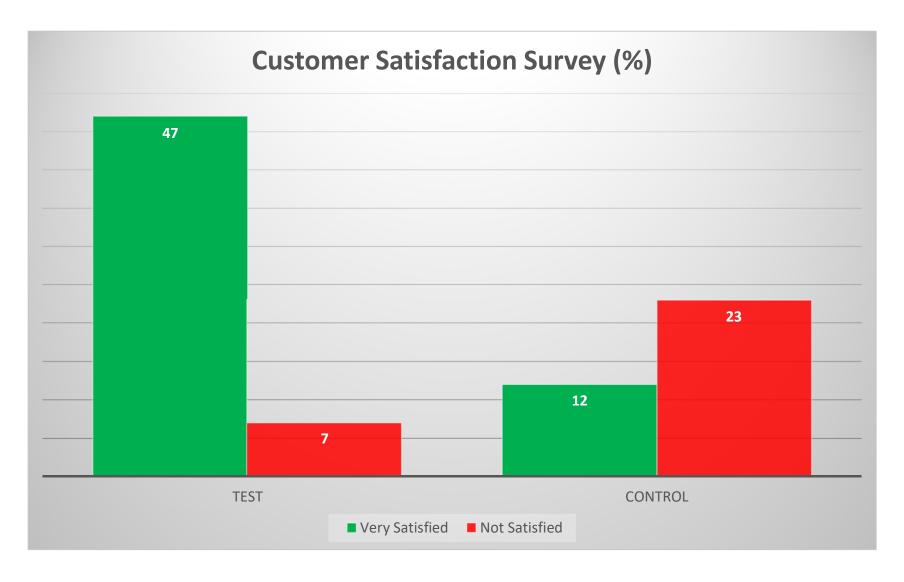
Term Deposits



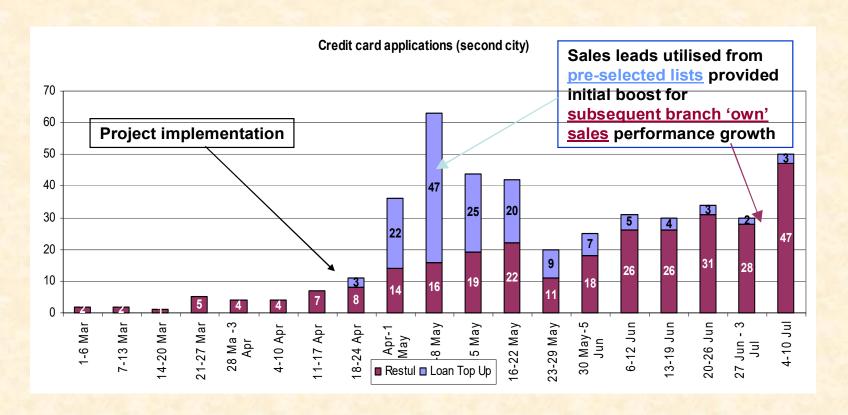
Case Study - Loan Results



Customer Impact



Employee Impact

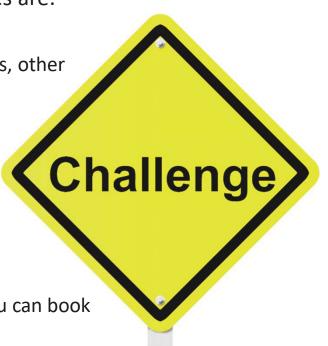


First 5 month of the year: 908 credit cards, next 4 months: 6,050 credit cards

Activity Planning – "Team of One"

A new market has opened in your area. You want to get at least 20 new loan customers within 2 weeks. Your potential activities are:

- Walk around the market and gather phone numbers, addresses, other information
- 2. Get contact details of new traders from market owners' office
- 3. Call the traders to arrange for a visit
- 4. Visit and, hopefully, meet the traders
- 5. Go back to them with a proposed loan offer
- 6. Get their acceptance
- 7. Get OK from Credit
- 8. Get feedback from Operations about loan disbursement → you can book the SALE!
- Build an activity plan that will get you to your 20 sales, using standard conversion ratios for each step between actions.
- Check how realistic is it that you will have time to do all the activities every day.



Assumptions - To Help You

- 1. Each week has 5 working days and each working day has 7 working hours you can plan for
- 2. It will take you 5-6 hours to gather contact information for those you want to talk to and to organize yourself.
- 3. Each phone call you make is 5 min., each initial personal contact is 10 min., each sales meeting is 45 min.
- 4. Only 50% of your calls will actually get the right person at the other end and only 30% of them will agree to meet you.
- 5. However, if you meet them for a "sales pitch", 60% of them will agree to take your offer.
- 6. 50% of the people you meet in person upfront will also agree to meet you again for your sales pitch.
- 7. You can only invite people to meet you for "the day after tomorrow" to give them enough time to accommodate your request. (But think about it: will you have enough time?)
- 8. There are about 250 potential future customers among the vendors at the market whom you can contact. Given the attrition between each step, will this be a large enough pool of target prospects to achieve your objective?
- 9. You do not need to allocate any time to any activities such as travel, preparing for your meetings or calls, etc. This is to keep things simple for the exercise.
- 10. You also do not need to wait for credit approval or loan disbursements, you can count each customer who agreed as a sale. This is simply to help you reality would be very different!

Discussion



- 1. Did you have enough target prospects?
- 2. Did you have enough time for all the activities?
- 3. Did you sequence the activities right? (Plan first, then meet / call, then sales pitch)
- 4. Did you balance the calls and meetings well?
- 5. Did you achieve your objective?
- 6. WHAT DID YOU LEARN?
 - A. Could you repeat the exercise in real life, with more complexity (credit approval, disbursement delay, etc.)
 - B. Could you help your people learn how to do it?
 - C. Could you build your own "control plan" to track where everyone is?
 - D. Could you step in and help them if you see they are falling behind?
 - E. DO YOU THINK YOU CAN USE THIS APPROACH? WILL IT HELP YOU?

What We Left Out...

- 1. Organizational set up, HR planning, capacity planning
- 2. Channel development and integration
- 3. Process planning, segmentation, targeting
- 4. Sales engagement skills, needs exploration, objection handling, closing
- 5. Pre-planning and follow-up steps, local business development
- 6. Tool development, local sales support
- 7. CRM, data driven approach, information mapping and use

... and much-much more!



What We Have Covered...

- 1. Components of "Sales"
- 2. Choosing the right sales model
- 3. Choosing the right focus (sales diagnostics)
- 4. Building an activity based sales machine

Next Steps



- 1. What are your key take-aways from this workshop?
- 2. What are the 3 things you can do differently, from tomorrow, based on what you have learned?
- 3. Ask for help if needed $\rightarrow \frac{\text{sandy@sandyvaci.com}}{\text{sandywaci.com}}$, +36 70 43 43 284

Any Questions?



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